EECS 311: Data Structures and Data Management Homework 6 Assigned: 11/07/08 Due: 11/14/08

1 Reading.

Chapter 9, Sections 0–3.2.

2 Problems.

This homework is shorter than usual and will count for 10 points (instead of the usual 20). The late penalty is 2.5 points.

- 1. Give an algorithm to determine whether an undirected graph contains an odd-length cycle. An odd-length cycle is one with an odd number of edges in it. What is the runtime of your algorithm?
- 2. We discussed in class the following high-level algorithm for topological sort on a directed graph G = (V, E).

Repeat until no vertices are left:

- (a) Find a vertex v with no incoming edges.
- (b) Process v.
- (c) Remove v from graph.

These high-level steps are correct, though it is not exactly clear how one implements Step 2a and Step 2c efficiently. Naively, Step 2a would take $O(n^2)$ time with both *adjacency matrix* and *adjacency list* representations of G. Thus, the most obvious runtime analysis of the above high-level algorithm would given an $O(n^3)$ bound on the topological sort runtime. This is a bit ridiculous! Fortunately, with some auxiliary data it is possible to perform a topological sort in O(n+m) time.

Assume that the graph G is given via the *adjacency list* representation. Give detailed pseudocode specifying precisely how each step is performed. Your pseudo-code should be at the level of accessing array entries and accessing linked-lists (you can assume we all know how to search, add, and remove from a linked list; i.e., do not bother describing pointer manipulations). If you choose to maintain any auxiliary data, be sure to specify what it represents (in English), specify how it is initialized (in your pseudo-code), and how it is maintained (in your pseudocode). Your runtime should be O(n + m).